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Question Paper Code: 42767

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, APRIL/MAY 2018

Third/Fifth Semester

Civil Engineering

MA 2211 – TRANSFORMS AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

(Common to All Branches) (Regulations 2008)

Time: Three Hours

Maximum: 100 Marks

Answer ALL questions.

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	(10×2=20 Marks)
1. Write the Euler's formulae for a function $f(x)$ in the interval $(0, 2\pi)$). (2)
2. What is the value of the Fourier series of a function $f(x)$ at a point of $x = a$?	f discontinuity (2)
3. Find the Fourier Sine transform of e^{-ax} , $a > 0$.	(2)
4. State the Convolution theorem on Fourier transforms.	(2)
5. Form the PDE by eliminating the arbitrary constants a, b relation $z = (x + a) (y + b)$.	(2)
6. Solve $p + q = 1$.	(2)
7. In the one-dimensional heat flow equation (unsteady state) $u_1 = \alpha^2 u_1$	u_{xx} , what does
$lpha^2$ stand for ?	(2)
8. Write the possible solutions of $y_{tt} = \alpha^2 y_{xx}$.	(2)
9. Find the Z transform of $\frac{1}{n(n+1)}$.	(2)

10. State the Final value theorem on Z-transforms.



PART - B

(5×16=80 Marks)

- 11. a) i) Determine the Fourier series expansion of $f(x) = x^3$ in $-\pi < x < \pi$. (8)
 - ii) Fit up to second harmonics of the Fourier series for f(x) from the following data:

 (8)

x	0	$\frac{\pi}{3}$	$\frac{2\pi}{3}$	π	$\frac{4\pi}{3}$	$\frac{5\pi}{3}$	2π
y	1.0	1.4	1.9	1.7	1.5	1.2	1.0
		(OR)					

- b) i) Find the cosine series for $f(x) = x^2$ in $(0, \pi)$ and hence deduce the sum of the series $\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{2^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{4^4} \dots \infty$. (8)
 - ii) Expand $f(x) = 2x x^2$ as a series of sines in the intervals (0, 3). (8)
- 12. a) i) Find the complex Fourier transform of $f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 x^2, & |x| < 1 \\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$ hence deduce

that
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} \left[\frac{x \cos x - \sin x}{x^3} \right] \cos \left(\frac{x}{2} \right) dx = -\frac{3\pi}{16}.$$
 (8)

ii) Solve the integral equation
$$\int_{0}^{\infty} f(x) \sin sx \, dx = \begin{cases} 1, & for & 0 \le s < 1 \\ 2 & for & 1 \le s < 2 \\ 0 & for & s \ge 2 \end{cases}$$
 (8)

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- b) i) Find the infinite Fourier transform of $e^{-a^2x^2}$, where a > 0.
 - ii) Evaluate, using transforms method, $\int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{(a^2+x^2)(b^2+x^2)}$, where a, b > 0. (8)



- 13. a) i) Form the partial differential equations by eliminating the arbitrary function 'f' form the relation $z = f(x^2 + y^2 + z^2)$. (8)
 - ii) Solve $\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{z}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{z}}{\partial \mathbf{x} \partial \mathbf{y}} 6 \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{z}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^2} = \cos(3\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{y})$ (8)

(OR)

- b) i) Find the complete integral of $p^2 + q^2 = x + y$. (8)
 - ii) Solve the Lagrange equation x(y-z) p + y (z-x) q = z(x-y). (8)
- 14. a) A string is stretched and fastened to two points at a distance 'l' apart. If it is set vibrating by giving each point a velocity $y_t(x, 0) = \lambda(lx x^2)$, 0 < x < l, then find the subsequent displacement y(x, t). (16)

(OR)

b) i) Two ends A and B of a rod of length l cms have temperatures at 0° C and 100° C respectively until the state conditions prevail. If the temperature at the end B is reduced suddenly to 0° C and kept so while that of A is maintained, then find the temperature distribution of the rod at any time t. (16)

15. a) i) Evaluate (1) Z [2ⁿ cos n θ] (2) Z⁻¹ $\left[\frac{1}{z-1/2}\right]$ (4+4)

ii) Using convolution theorem, evaluate $Z^{-1}\left[\frac{z^2}{(z-1/2)(z-1/4)}\right]$. (8)

(OR)

- b) i) Using the method of partial fractions, evaluate $Z^{-1}\left[\frac{z}{z^2+7z+1}\right]$. (8)
 - ii) Using the Z-transforms technique, solve the difference equation $u_{n+2} + 6u_{n+1} + 9u_n = 2^n$, given that $u_0 = 0 = u_1$. (8)

14. a) Assent is distributioned and Reserved to a we points at a distance I special If it at and the property of the property of the property of the property $y_1 = y_2 + y_3 = y_4 + y_5 = y_5 + y_5 = y_5 =$ in Using convenients theorem, equipment [2]